# 14-night Aldabra Expedition - 2019

Embarkation: 25 Feb 2019, Mahe Disembarkation: 11 Mar 2019, Mahe

Day 1 - Embarkation aboard the MV Maya's Dugong at Mahé

Embarkation aboard MV Maya's Dugong at 10:00AM. Guests will be briefed about the cruise program. Around midday we start our expedition route towards the Amirantes - Desroches island.



Day 3 - Alphonse

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The Alphonse Group consists of two neighboring atolis, Alphonse Atoli and St
Francois Atoli, the latter comprising of two Islands St Francois and Bijoutier. These
are some of the most beautiful Islands of Seychelles, Alphonse is shaped like an
arrowhead, with trails of white foam flying out behind it as though it was skimming
through the water. It was once a productive plantation, generating 100,000 occounts
a month but today this is abandoned. The diving around these Islands is excellent,
though it is not for beginners as currents can be strong. Features include forests of
tail Gorgonian fan corals, shoals of barracuda and other predators together with the
occasional Hawksbill Turtle that drifts by.



Day 4 - Crossing towards the Aldabra Group

## Day 5 & 6 - Cosmoledo

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A visit to Cosmoledo is comparable to one to Aldabra but in some ways, Cosmoledo even surpasses this famous atoll in its extreme atmosphere of remoteness. The island is uninhabited and very rarely visited by the outside world.

There are some bird species on Cosmoledo not found on Aldabra, including enormous seabird colonies with Seychelles largest populations of Red-footed Booby, Masked Booby and Sooby Tern. A race of Madagascar White-eye (named menalerils) is unique to the Island. It is the last breeding site for Brown Booby, extinct everywhere else in the Islands. The diving is also excellent and the marine life is very rich. The corals have survived here more intact then elsewhere in the western indian Ocean. Many turties can be seen including very young ones in the shallow waters of the lagoon, close to the main Island of Menal. Cosmoledo has also galined a reputation as one of the world's best fly-flahing sites, yet it has remained off limits to all but a few determined enthusiasts because of the difficulties of reaching this lonely outpost.

outpost. We visit the deserted settlement and dive the West Island of Cosmoledo (Menai)







Days 7 & 8 & 9 - Aldabra
Often called the Jewel in the crown of Seychelles. Aldabra is the world's latest raised coral atoil and a UNESCO World Heritage Site. With an area of approximately 150sq kin it comprises about one-third of the landmass of Seychelles, but has no human population other than the Warden and staff of the Research Station on Plcard. It is a troipical Island wilderness, seen by only a few privileged visitors each year. It has the world's largest population of Giant Tortoles, with around 10,0000 of these prehistoric sunvivors.

There are many plants and birds not found elsewhere and one of the world's most important breeding populations of the endangered Green Turtle. Birds Include the Aldabra Rail, the last surviving flightless bird of the Indian Ocean and frigate birds. Many other endemic land birds can be seen ashore, including Aldabra Porongo. Aldabra Fody and Madagascar Sacred lois, together with the world's largest population of giant tortoless.

We visit the Aldabra Research station and the old settlement, crulse through the West and Main Channel and diversionel at Passe Dubois, Polymine, Anse Var, settlement reaf, Anse Mais and Main Channel, experiencing the exhibitation of being swept along by the shoals, observing both pelagican directifish in the shallow waters of the lagoon.

On'th' diving is exceptional in the channels that fill and empty the lagoon with the tides. Shoals of fish stand sentry at these entrances to the lagoon, where sharks and other predators sweep by a sthey commune between the open ocean and the lagoon. In recent years, dugongs have been seen, a sign that this rare mammal may one day return to breed in Seychelles.













Day 11 - Astove
Actione is surrounded by deep waters where many a ship has come to grief on its treacherous reefs. The fringing reef averages about 250 meters from the shoreline and beyond this, the floor plummers steeply. This wild of corals is probably the best dive site in the Indian Ocean and Indeed has been rated by diving experts as one of the finest dive sites in the world. Hundreds of species of fish, Green Turtles and even the anchors of wrecked ships are to be seen.



Snorkeling is also excellent on the edge of the drop off. Ashore there are graves of shipwrecked sallors, bleached turtle bones and abandoned buildings including the residence of a former Manager. Laid out around a courtyard in the style of a Moorsh palace, it must once have been an impressive if somewhat incongruous sight on a remote Island. A short walk across the Island leads to the shallow lagoon where Caspian Terms, rare encountered in an ocean setting, dive for fish:

We visit the old manager's house including the incongrous's Vevers-Carter house and old chapel, then cross the Island to the lagoon. We dive the West walls.

Day 13 – Bijoutier (Alphonse Group)
If you were looking for a dream Island, the uninhabited Island of Bijoutier is it. A circle of white sand capped with bright green vegetation, fringed by purple reefs and turquoise sea.



Day 15 – Disembarkation at Mahe, at apr. 11:00AM